# Empowering Student Support Programs Through Data Analytics: A Collaborative Approach at CSUSB

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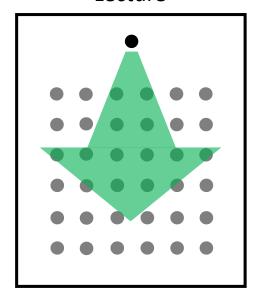


# Who are we?

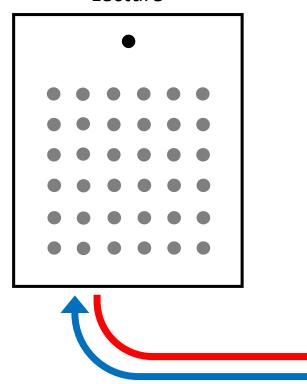




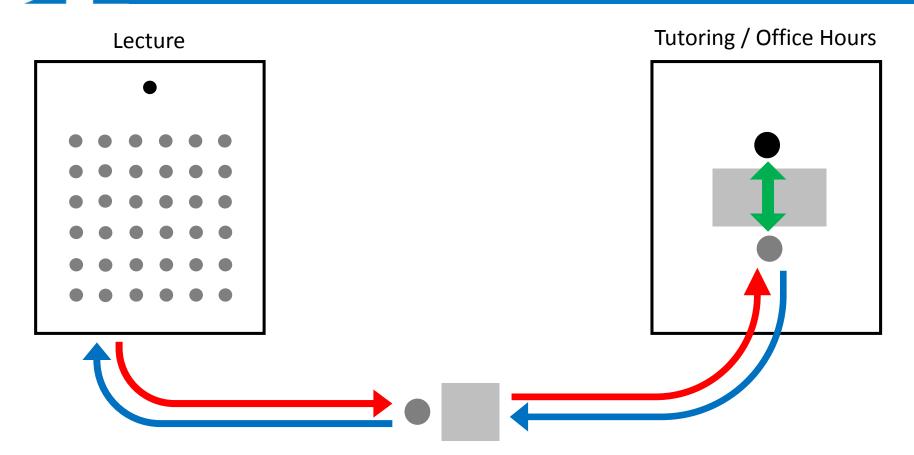
#### Lecture

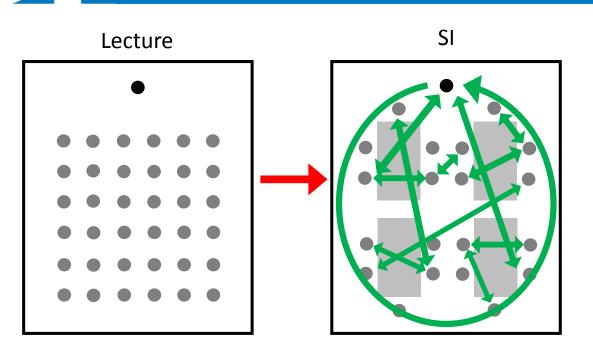


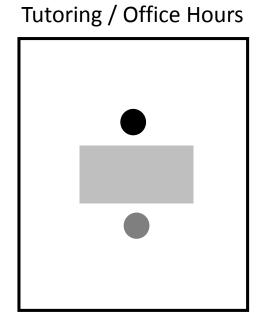
#### Lecture











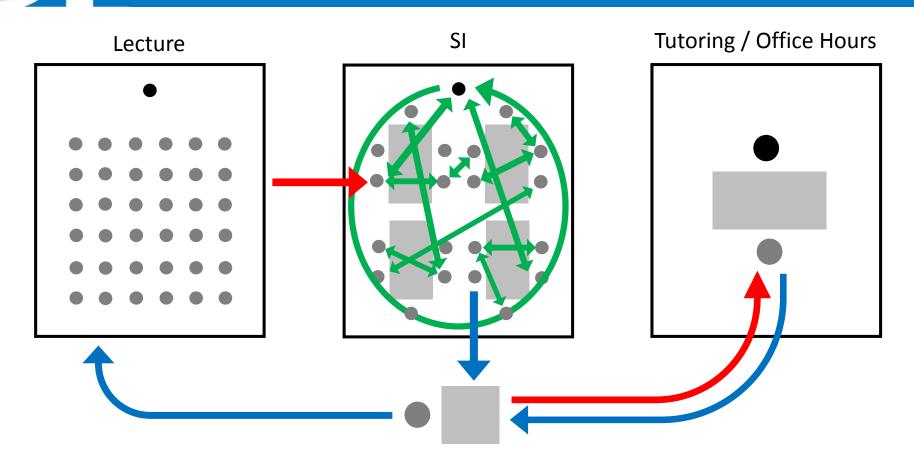
#### Learning strategies typically used in SI sessions:

- Identifying Key Concepts
- Paired Problem Solving
- Teaching to Learn
- Visual Mapping
- Informal Quizzes
- Note Processing

- Sequencing
- Jigsaw Text Review
- Interactive Games
- Study Planning and Techniques
- Practical Application and Associative Learning

CSUSB

## What is SI?



#### **Course Lecture**

- · Presentation of course content
- All course concepts addressed
- Up to 4 hours per week
- Assignments and evaluation
- Large group environment often limits collaborative learning opportunities

#### Professor / Instructor

- Content Expert
  - Master Educator
    - Office hours for student support

#### Supplemental Instruction

- Strategic review of course content •
- Key / challenging concepts addressed
  - 2 hours per week •
  - Study strategies and exam prep .
  - Small group environment supports collaborative learning opportunities

#### SI Leader

- Study / Learning Specialist .
- Content Knowledgeable •
- Works closely with course instructor 
  and SI Senior Leader



#### Qualifying courses may be characterized by:

- High D, F, W, and I rates (especially those 30% or higher)
- Infrequent examinations that focus on higher cognitive levels
- High student to instructor ratio (student has little opportunity for interaction with the professor or the other students)
- Those serving as a gateway or key sequence course
- Large amounts of weekly readings from both difficult textbooks and secondary library reference works
- Faculty or academic department identification as exceptionally challenging within a major course of study

#### **Common Questions**

- Are DFWI rates for SI participants lower than non-SI students?
- Aren't students who participate in SI students who would receive an A or B without the support?
- Is SI more effective for some courses than others?



Let's examine the data together and see if we can find the answers





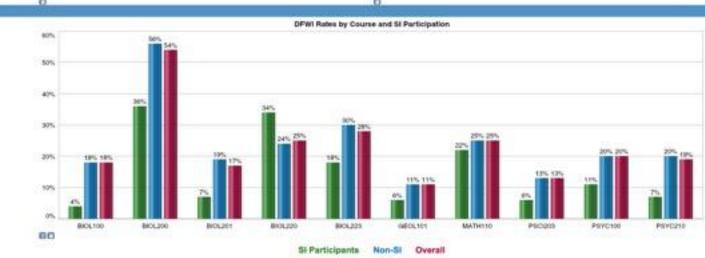
## iDashboards



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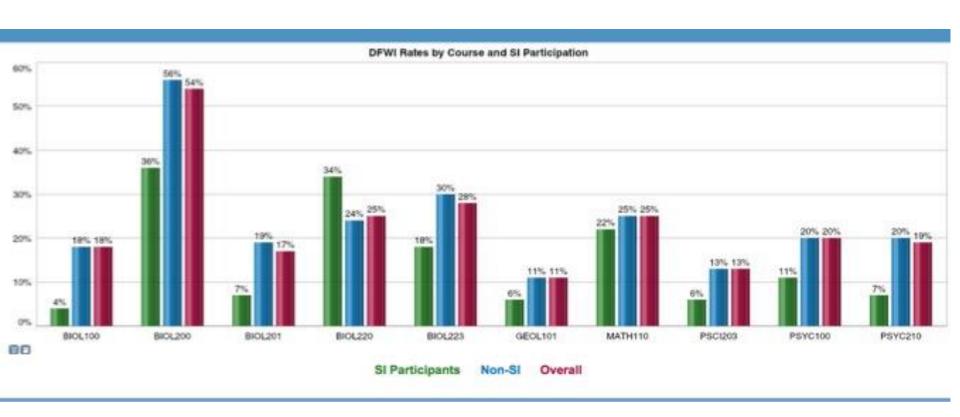
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Ceurse	SR GPA
\$80L100	2.01
\$80L200	2.93
\$80L201	2.69
BIOL220	2.75
B404,223	3.05
GEOL101	2.66
MATH?10	2.64
Pricipos	2.92
PSYC100	2.74
PSYC210	2.05



More Supplemental Instruction (SI) Date



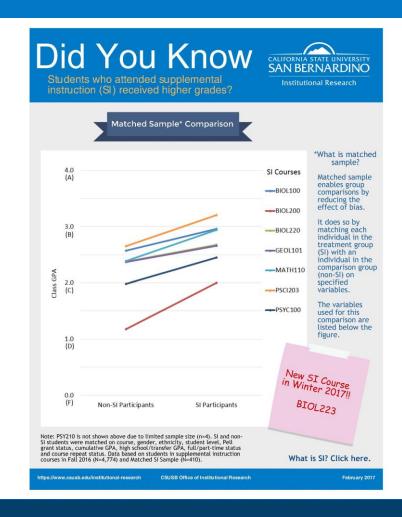
# iDashboards



 Were SI participants "better" students?



- Matched Sample Comparison
  - Course
  - Gender
  - Ethnicity
  - Student Level
  - Pell Grant Status
  - Cumulative GPA
  - High School/Transfer GPA
  - Full-/Part-Time Status
  - Course Repeat Status



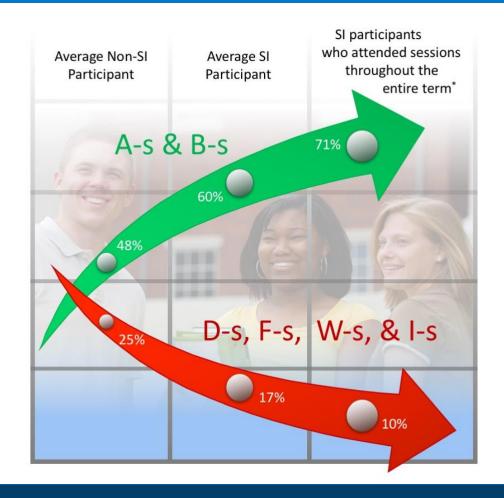
- Fall 2016 SI data
- SI participation pattern
  - Decrease in 2nd half
  - More
    - Female
    - PELL recipient
    - Full-time student
    - Course repeater
    - Sophomore and Junior
  - No ethnic difference

- Impact of SI
  - More As and Bs
  - Less DFWIs
  - Higher average grades
  - Even better outcomes for consistent participation

# How can we continue to use the data?

- Participatory Action Research
  - Discovery: Examined available data from multiple sources
  - Measurable Action: Co-constructed a data infographic that was shared with faculty and students.
  - Reflection: In progress

# How can we continue to use the data?





# What happens next?

- Examine measures of learning
- Map outcomes in course sequences
- Explore with colleagues other variables which are indicators of student success and challenges in SI courses

