

REPORT TO THE CITY
HATE CRIMES IN LOS ANGELES 2017-2018:
A Comparative Analysis With Other Major Cities

August 2018



Center for the Study of Hate & Extremism

 CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY, SAN BERNARDINO

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Overall Hate Crime Down, But Violent Hate Crime Up in Los Angeles In First Half of 2018



After years of consecutive sharp double digit annual increases, Los Angeles, saw ***hate crimes decline by 6.8 percent**** in the ***first half of 2018***. ***Violent hate crimes***, however, bucked that overall drop, ***rising 8.3 percent***. Hate crime overall in the city in the first half of ***2018 dropped from 133 to 124***, while ***violent hate crime rose from 72 to 78***. In contrast violent crime in general fell 2.8 percent partial year 2018. **[See Los Angeles in table infra p. 6 and explanation].*

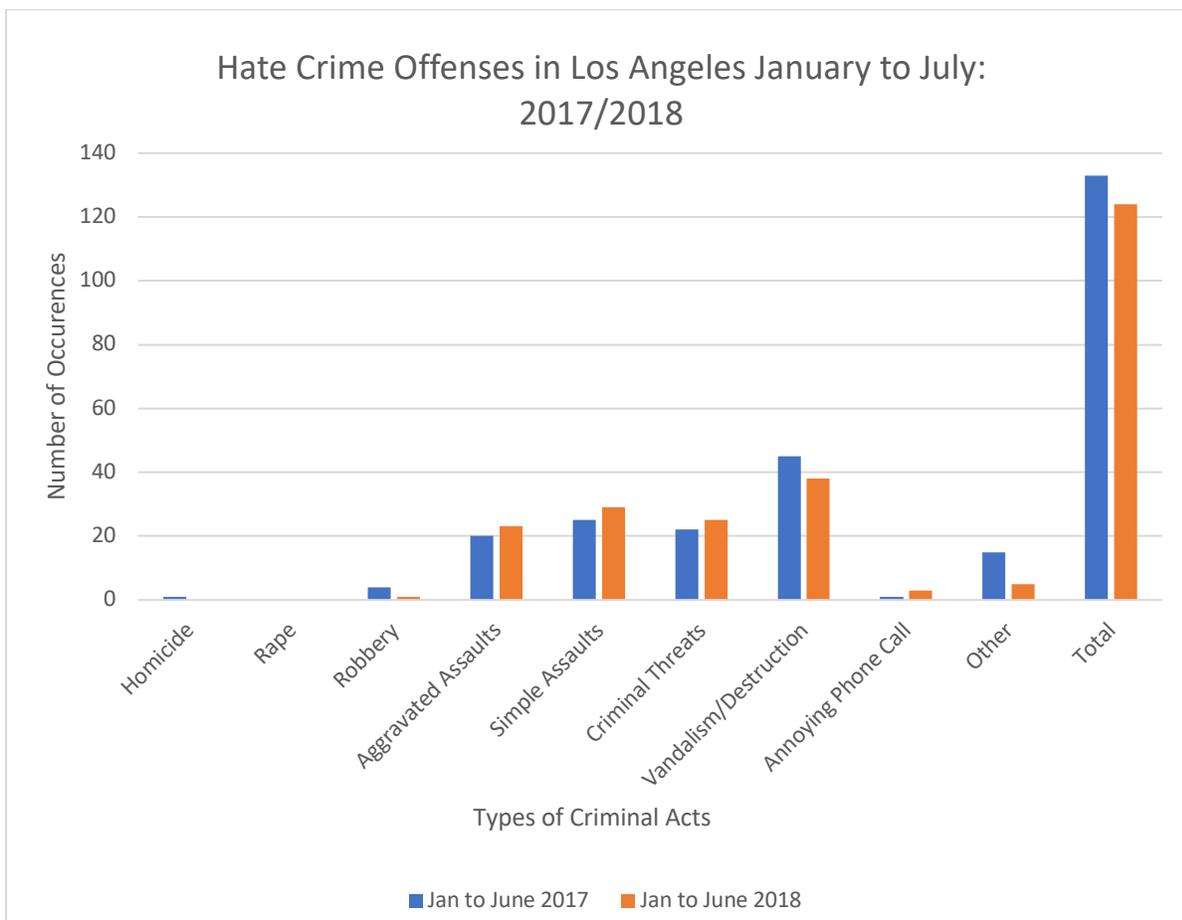
The Federal Bureau of Investigation defines hate crimes as criminal offenses “***motivated in whole or in part by an offender’s bias against a race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, gender, or gender identity.***” The LAPD also enumerates ***non-criminal bigoted incidents*** reported to them that do not rise to the level of a prosecutable offense and those declined from 75 to 68 or 9 percent in the first six months of the year. Sexual orientation incidents rose from 15 to 21, while religion hate incidents declined from 28 to 16 and race/ethnic incidents dropped from 32 to 30.

Criminal Offenses

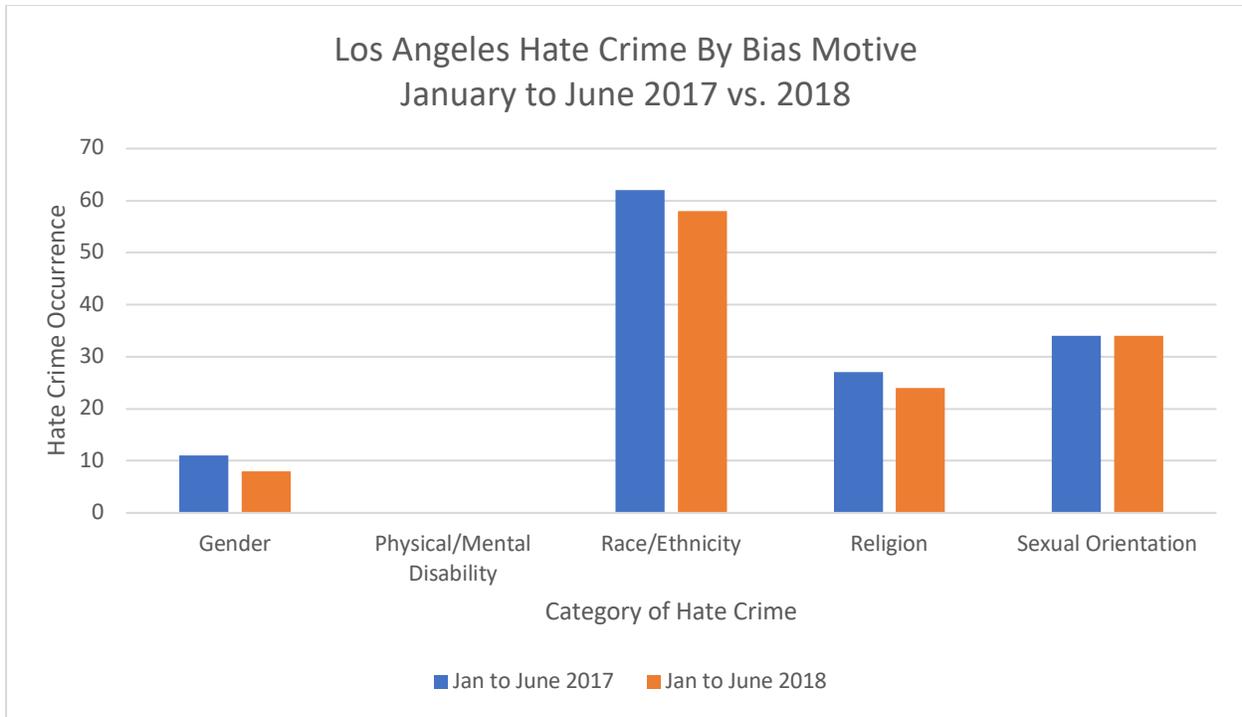
For the first half of 2018 *the steepest hate crime offense declines* were:

- miscellaneous “*other*” category of offenses which dropped from 15 to 5 or 66 percent,
- vandalisms* which fell from 45 to 38 or 15.6 percent, and
- robbery* which dropped to one from 4.

Assaults rose 15.6 percent from 45 to 52, while criminal threats rose by 3 from 22 to 25. There were *no reported bias homicides or rapes* in the city in 2018, but In neighboring Orange County, hate crime enhancements were filed in early August against an alleged “Atomwaffen Division” member facing trial for the brutal January killing of gay college student Blaze Bernstein. The LAPD, did, however, report one homicide in the first half of 2017. There were three other bias homicides in the state in 2017 according to the Attorney General, all racially motivated committed by a lone black nationalist assailant in Fresno. A March 2016 murder of a gay man by his father resulted in a conviction with a hate crime enhancement, but it was not initially classified as such by the LAPD.



Data drawn from the Hate Crime Report by Los Angeles Police Department, July 14, 2017.

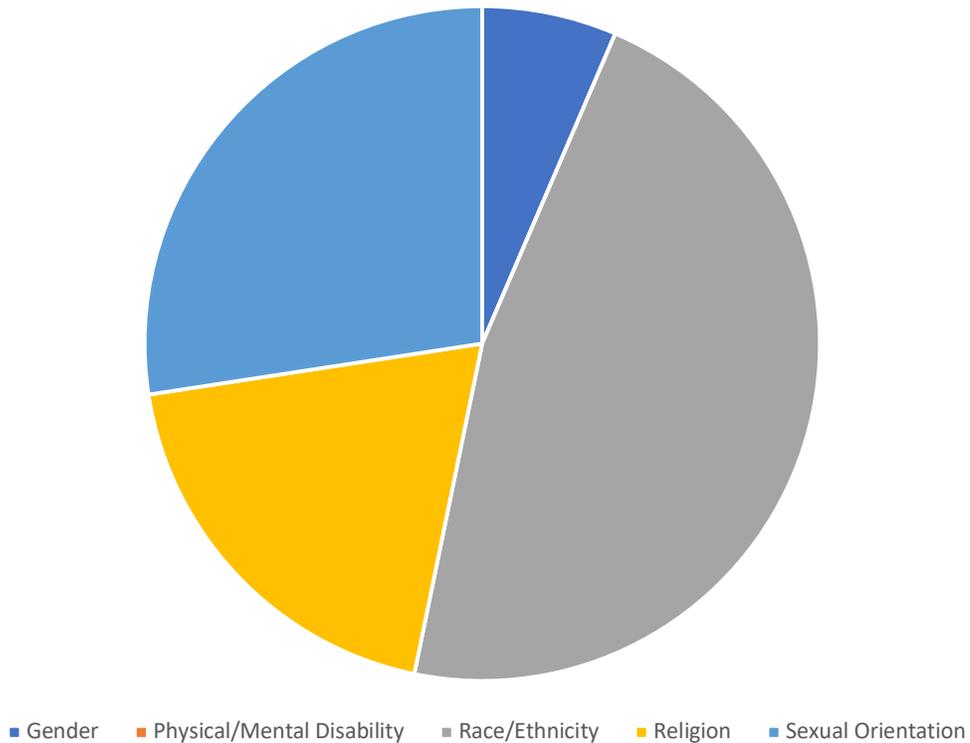


For the first six months of 2018, **anti-gay hate crime remained flat at 34**, despite a decline of 8 cases or 24 percent in attacks against gay males. Anti-lesbian crimes rose from one to four. Even with the decline **gay males were once again the most targeted group in the city, followed, by African-Americans at 22** hate crimes, down from 31 for a 29 percent decline. **Jews were the third most targeted group at 17**, down from 21, followed by **Latinos at 16**, up from 14. **Transgender people were targeted 8 times**, down from 11 in the first half of 2017, while **anti-white crimes were up by 2 to 7**. There was **only one anti-Muslim** hate crime, down from 5 the year before, but **anti-Arab** hate crime rose from none in the first half of last year to **5 in 2018**. **Racial crimes overall fell by 4** to 58, while **religion hate crime dropped 3** to 24. There were nine school related and four immigration related hate crimes, as both increased.

Gay males have been the single most targeted group in Los Angeles since 2016.



Los Angeles Hate Crime By Category: Jan to June 2018



2018 Hate Crime in Other Large U.S. Cities

Of the largest American cities with *partial year 2018 data*, Los Angeles, again, had the *second highest number* of hate crimes, as well as the *smallest decline* of those registering a decrease. In contrast, New York, the nation's largest city with 8.5 million residents and more than double the population of Los Angeles, registered a 16.8 percent decline with 164 hate crimes in the first six months of the year. Hate crime in *America's six largest cities* for partial year *2018 fell* more precipitously than Los Angeles, declining *14.5% percent* overall in partial year comparisons with 2017. *Los Angeles*, like about half the cities of surveyed with 2018 partial year totals that were *above pro-rata five year averages* as well as one of several where sexual orientation was the top category. Seven cities were up, five down and two unchanged. Race was the most common bias motivation in the plurality of cities.

Partial Year 2018 Hate Crime By Jurisdiction

| City/ Rank | 2018 Hate Crime | 2017 Hate Crime | Change | Period | | Population |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|--|---|------------|
| New York, NY (1) | 164 | 197 | -17% | 1 st ½ | <i>Anti-Sem. 75, SO 33, Af-Am. 21, Muslim 10</i> | 8,550,000 |
| Los Angeles, CA (2) | 124 | 134 [^] | -7.5% | 1 st ½ | <i>SO(Male) 25, Af-Am. 22, Anti-Sem. 17, Latino 16, TR 8</i> | 4,007,000 |
| Chicago, IL (3) | 30 | 39 | -23% | 1 st 1/2 | <i>7 Af-Am., SO(Male) 6, White 4, Anti-Sem. 3, Transg. 2, Muslim 2</i> | 2,720,000 |
| Houston, TX (4) | 15 | 11*/6 | +150% | 1 st ½ | <i>Race 7, SO 4, Rel. 4</i> | 2,296,000 |
| Phoenix, AZ (5) | 35 | 60 | -42% | 1 st Q | <i>Af-Am. 14, SO(Male) 5, White 5, Mult-Race 5, Anti-Sem. 2, Latino 2</i> | 1,620,000 |
| Philadelphia, PA (6) | 15 | 12 | +25% | 1 st ½ | N/A | 1,560,000 |
| TOP 6 U.S. Cities | 383 | 448 | -14.5% | 1 st ½ except Phoenix | <i>Anti-Sem., Af-Am., SO; Most Common</i> | |
| San Francisco (13) | 40 | 16 | +150% | | <i>Race/Eth. 19, Sexual Orient 12, Relig. 8, Race&SO 1</i> | |
| Seattle, WA (18) | 40 | 61 | -34% | 1 st ½ | <i>SO 9, Af-Am 7, White 4, Anti-Sem. 4, Multi 4, Latino 2</i> | 704,000 |
| Denver, CO (19) | 28 | 33 | -15% | 1 st ½ | <i>Af-Am 9, Latino 6, SO(Male)4, SO 3, 1 ea: Anti-Sem., Muslim, Dis., White</i> | 693,000 |
| Washington, DC (21) | 84 | 72 | +17% | 1 st ½ | <i>SO 27, Race 21, Eth. 18, Gender/ID 12, Rel. 4</i> | 681,000 |
| Louisville, KY (29) | 6 | 6 | -- | 1 st ½ | <i>Af-Am 4, TR 1, Multi 1</i> | 616,000 |
| Sacramento, CA (35) | 4 | 2 | +100% | 1 st Q | <i>SO 3, Af-Am. 1</i> | 495,000 |
| Miami, FL (42) | 0 | 0 | -- | Thru 3/31 | N/A | 453,000 |
| Nassau County, NY | 8 | 56*/23 | -65% | Thru 4/25 | <i>Anti-Sem. 7, Af-Am. 1S</i> | 1,360,000 |
| <p>*Pro Rata Est. [^]LA had 2 data sets which varied by 1 showing 133 & 134 hate crime in 1st 6mos 2017, making declines 6.8/7.5%</p> | | | | | | |



| HATE CRIMES | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| 1/1/2018 TO 6/30/2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| CITY WIDE | MONTHLY COMPARISON | | | QUARTERLY COMPARISON | | | YTD COMPARISON | | |
| | January 2018 | December 2017 | % CHG | 1/1/2018 TO 6/30/2018 | 1/1/2017 TO 6/30/2017 | % CHG | 1/1/2018 TO 6/30/2018 | 1/1/2017 TO 6/30/2017 | % CHG |
| HOMICIDE | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 1 | -100.0% | 0 | 1 | -100.0% |
| RAPE | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| ROBBERY | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 4 | -75.0% | 1 | 4 | -75.0% |
| AGG ASSAULTS | 2 | 1 | 100.0% | 23 | 20 | 15.0% | 23 | 20 | 15.0% |
| SIMPLE ASSAULTS | 3 | 1 | 200.0% | 29 | 25 | 16.0% | 29 | 25 | 16.0% |
| CRIMINAL THREAT | 3 | 6 | -50.0% | 25 | 22 | 13.6% | 25 | 22 | 13.6% |
| VANDALISM/DESTRUCTION | 6 | 8 | -25.0% | 38 | 45 | -15.6% | 38 | 45 | -15.6% |
| ANNOYING PHONE CALLS | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 3 | 1 | 200.0% | 3 | 1 | 200.0% |
| OTHER | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 5 | 15 | -66.7% | 5 | 15 | -66.7% |
| TOTAL | 14 | 16 | -12.5% | 124 | 133 | -6.8% | 124 | 133 | -6.8% |

| CITY WIDE | MONTHLY COMPARISON | | | QUARTERLY COMPARISON | | | YTD COMPARISON | | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | January 2018 | December 2017 | % CHG | 1/1/2018 TO 6/30/2018 | 1/1/2017 TO 6/30/2017 | % CHG | 1/1/2018 TO 6/30/2018 | 1/1/2017 TO 6/30/2017 | % CHG |
| GENDER TOTAL | 2 | 1 | 100.0% | 8 | 11 | -27.3% | 8 | 11 | -27.3% |
| <i>ANTI-FEMALE</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 1 | -100.0% | 0 | 1 | -100.0% |
| <i>ANTI-FEMALE NON -CONFORMING</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-MALE</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-TRANSGENDER</i> | 2 | 1 | 100.0% | 8 | 10 | -20.0% | 8 | 10 | -20.0% |
| PHYSICAL MENTAL DISABILITY TOTAL | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>MENTAL DISABILITY</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>PHYSICAL DISABILITY</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| RACE ETHNICITY TOTAL | 5 | 5 | 0.0% | 58 | 62 | -6.5% | 58 | 62 | -6.5% |
| <i>ANTI-AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKAN NATIVE</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|---------------|------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| <i>ANTI-ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER</i> | 0 | 1 | -100.0% | 2 | 4 | -50.0% | 2 | 4 | -50.0% |
| <i>ANTI-BLACK</i> | 3 | 2 | 50.0% | 22 | 31 | -29.0% | 22 | 31 | -29.0% |
| <i>ANTI-CITIZENSHIP STATUS</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-HISPANIC</i> | 2 | 2 | 0.0% | 16 | 14 | 14.3% | 16 | 14 | 14.3% |
| <i>ANTI-MULTIPLE RACES GROUP</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 5 | 1 | 400.0% | 5 | 1 | 400.0% |
| <i>ANTI-OTHER ETHNICITY/NATIONAL ORIGIN</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 7 | -85.7% | 1 | 7 | -85.7% |
| <i>NATIONALITY NOT ENTERED</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-WHITE</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 7 | 5 | 40.0% | 7 | 5 | 40.0% |
| RELIGION TOTAL | 5 | 4 | 25.0% | 24 | 27 | -11.1% | 24 | 27 | -11.1% |
| <i>ANTI-ATHEISM/AGNOSTICISM/ETC.</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-CATHOLIC</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-ISLAMIC MUSLIM</i> | 1 | 0 | 100.0% | 1 | 5 | -80.0% | 1 | 5 | -80.0% |
| <i>ANTI-JEWISH</i> | 2 | 4 | -50.0% | 17 | 21 | -19.0% | 17 | 21 | -19.0% |
| <i>ANTI-MULTIPLE RELIGIONS GROUP</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 1 | 0 | 100.0% | 1 | 0 | 100.0% |
| <i>ANTI-OTHER RELIGION</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 3 | 0 | 100.0% | 3 | 0 | 100.0% |
| <i>ANTI-PROTESTANT</i> | 2 | 0 | 100.0% | 2 | 0 | 100.0% | 2 | 0 | 100.0% |
| <i>ANTI-SIKH</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 1 | -100.0% | 0 | 1 | -100.0% |
| SEXUAL ORIENTATION TOTAL | 2 | 6 | -66.7% | 34 | 34 | 0.0% | 34 | 34 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-BISEXUAL</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-FEMALE HOMOSEXUAL</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 4 | 1 | 300.0% | 4 | 1 | 300.0% |
| <i>ANTI-HETEROSEXUAL</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| <i>ANTI-HOMOSEXUAL</i> | 0 | 0 | 0.0% | 5 | 0 | 100.0% | 5 | 0 | 100.0% |
| <i>ANTI-MALE HOMOSEXUAL GAY</i> | 2 | 6 | -66.7% | 25 | 33 | -24.2% | 25 | 33 | -24.2% |
| TOTAL | 14 | 16 | -12.5% | 124 | 134 | -7.5% | 124 | 134 | -7.5% |

Table courtesy of LAPD

Los Angeles Hate Crime In Prior Years

Last year hate crime in the city rose **10.8 percent from 229 to 254** for the fourth consecutive annual increase according to the LAPD. However, **State Attorney General data** deviated somewhat from the city's initial data release, **showing an even larger 15.9 percent increase** for hate crime in the city in 2017, with a rise from 227 to 263. Annual full year **hate crime totals** in Los Angeles have **steadily trended up since 2013**, when they hit a century low of 114.

Crime overall in the city also rose in 2017, albeit at a slower pace with violent crime up 3.8 percent and property crime up one percent in 2017.

Consistent with state and national findings, the Fourth Quarter of 2016, around the time of the **presidential election, saw hate crimes spike in Los Angeles by 27.7 percent** over the previous year. That was in line with **FBI national data showing a 25.9% increase**. The three days with the most hate crime in the state in 2016 immediately followed election day.

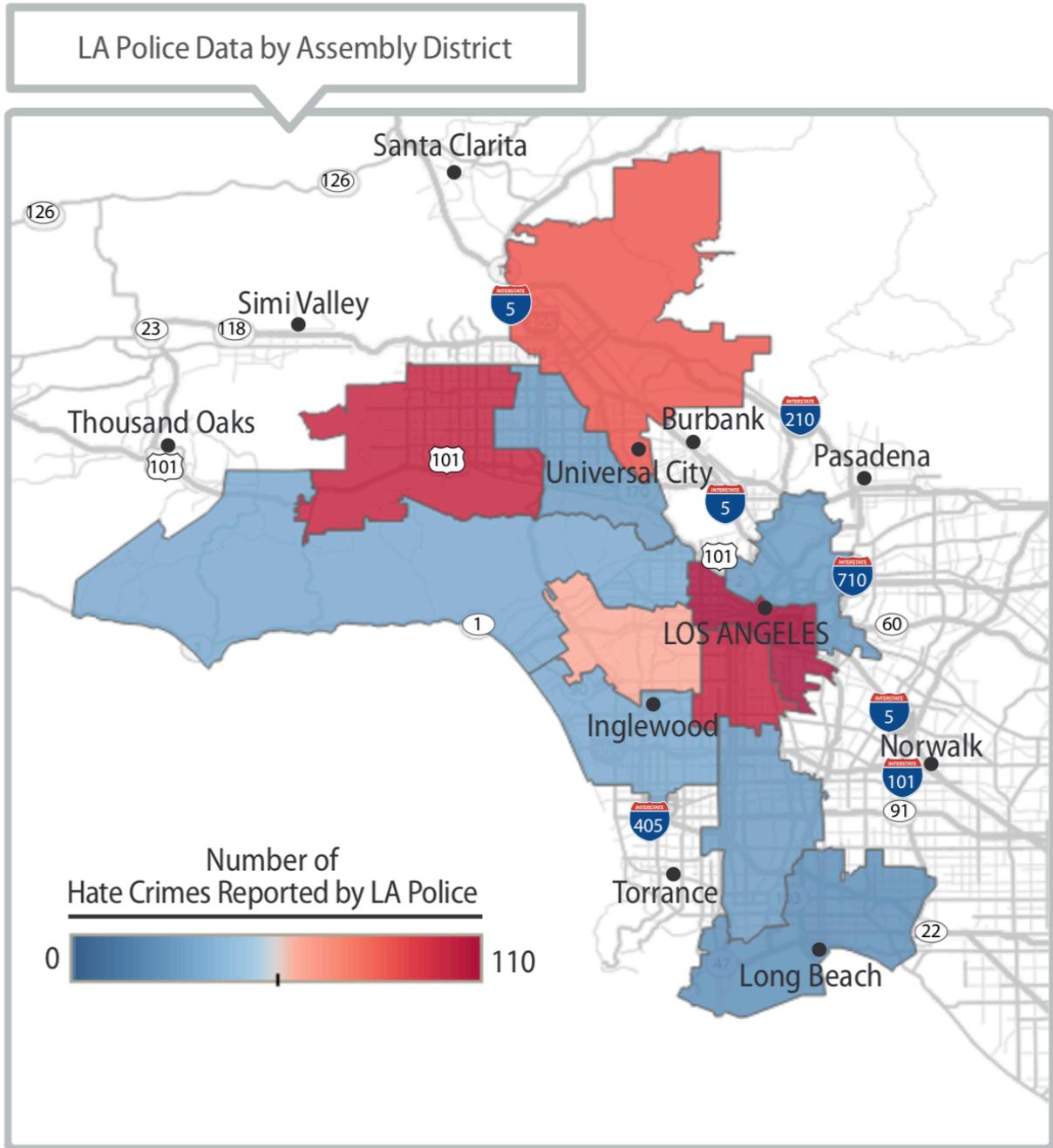
The 2017 increase in hate crime reported by the LAPD, was driven in part by the **23 crimes targeting the transgender community**, which increased by 187 percent. For 2017, Los Angeles registered the greatest number of hate crimes since 2008 when the city recorded 280 hate crimes. The other most frequent bias incidents types in 2017 were **anti-gay, 64 up 52 percent; anti-Black 55, up two percent; anti-Semitic, 37, unchanged; and anti-Hispanic, 32, up 28 percent. There were also 10 anti-white crimes and six anti-Muslim** hate crimes in the city. The most common type of offenses were **property damage/vandalism, 82; Simple assault, 53; aggravated assault, 46, and criminal threat, 44**. Aggravated assaults rose 28 percent, but the increase occurred following a definitional change.

| | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| New York City, NY | Anti-Jewish 150 | Sexual Orientation 45 | Anti-Muslim 36 | Anti-Black 33 | Other 17 |
| Los Angeles, CA | Anti-Gay (M) 64 | Anti-Black 55 | Anti-Jewish 37 | Anti-Hispanic 32 | Anti-Transgender 23 |
| Chicago, IL | Anti-Black 16 | Anti-Jewish 16 | Anti-Islamic 8 | Anti-Gay (M) 7 | Anti-White 4 |
| Houston, TX | Anti-Religion 6 | Sexual Orientation 2 | Race/Ethnicity 2 | Gender Identity 1 | na |
| Philadelphia, PA | Anti-Race 19 | Anti-Religion 14 | Anti-Sexual Orientation 4 | Gender Identity 3 | na |
| Phoenix, AZ | Anti-Black 74 | Anti-Gay (M) 32 | Anti-White 28 | Anti-Jewish 27 | Anti-Hispanic 25 |
| San Antonio, TX | Anti-Black 4 | Anti-Muslim 2 | Other 1 | na | na |
| San Diego, CA | Anti-Black 10 | Anti-Jewish 7 | Anti-LGBTQ 6 | Anti-Islamic 5 | Anti-Gay (M) 5 |
| Dallas, TX | Anti-Gay (M) 12 | Anti-Black 2 | Anti-Race/Ethnicity 1 | na | na |
| San Jose, CA | Anti-Black 13 | Anti-Jewish 7 | Anti-Gay (M) 7 | Anti-Hispanic/Latino 6 | Anti-Islamic/Muslim 2 |
| San Francisco, CA | Anti-Race/Ethnicity 18 | Anti-Sexual Orientation 11 | Anti-Religious 8 | Anti-Gender 4 | na |
| Seattle, WA | Anti-LGBTQ 28 | Anti-Black 26 | Anti-Transgender 10 | Anti-Hispanic 7 | Anti-White 6 |
| Denver, CO | Anti-Black 14 | Anti-Jewish 10 | Anti-Gay/Lesbian 6 | Anti-Transgender 5 | Anti-Homosexual 3 |
| District of Columbia | Anti-Sexual Orientation 56 | Anti-Race 47 | Anti-Ethnicity 14 | Anti-Gender Identity 13 | Anti-Religion 12 |
| Boston, MA | Anti-Black 51 | Anti-LGBTQ 42 | Anti-Indian (Asian) 14 | Anti-Islamic 10 | Anti-Hispanic 8 |
| Detroit, MI | Anti-Homosexual 17 | Anti-Black 10 | Anti-White 5 | Anti-Multi Racial 4 | Anti-Other Ethnicity 2 |

Notes

1. Some cities did not report specific bias-type subcategories
2. Seattle hate crimes involved only malicious harassment incidents
3. Texas data from Texas Department of Public Safety

Los Angeles Hate Crime By Area: 2014-2016 [Chart: CA State Auditor Report 2017-131]



2018 California State Audit

After the legislature acted upon a 2017 recommendation of the Center for the Study of Hate & Extremism and others, the California State Auditor released a report on hate crime in May. The report found deficiencies in how over 200 hundred police agencies throughout the state categorize, investigate and respond to hate crime. The LAPD was one of four agencies subjected to on-site in depth analysis and the agency was found to have misclassified three of fifteen "hate incidents" incorrectly when they should have been listed as crimes, although the

department disputes that finding. In addition the audit found that from 2014 to 2016 **14 percent or 89 of 622 hate crimes** in Los Angeles were not reported to the state Department of Justice, which collects the data. The LAPD updated training, policies and procedures in 2016, but some of the errors occurred after that. The audit found, “LA Police should update its hate crime policy and provide sufficient guidance and oversight to its officers and staff” and improve community outreach. The audit also noted, “Furthermore, a 2013 study found that in Los Angeles County, 44 percent of Latinos surveyed noted that they are less likely to report crimes to law enforcement officers because they are afraid the police will ask them or the people they know about their immigration status.” The LAPD has a policy protecting crime victims respecting immigration status. Despite the audit’s findings, Los Angeles reports higher levels of hate crime per capita than any of the ten largest cities in the United States.

Hate Crime Across Multiple Jurisdictions

Our study also found hate crimes **in ten of California’s largest cities rose 19 percent in 2017**, for the **fourth annual consecutive increase** in a row and the **highest number** for those cities, since at least 2010. Our more broad national sample of over three dozen large American cities showed a smaller 12 percent increase in 2017, for a fourth consecutive annual increase as well, while the nation’s ten largest cities hate crimes experienced a **12.5 percent** to the **highest total in over a decade**.

Hate crimes in **California’s largest cities** have increased in recent years with the seven largest **all increasing in 2017**.

Hate Crime in California Cities: 2010-2017

| City or County | Population (millions) | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Los Angeles, CA 2 | 3.970 | 254 11% | 229 15% | 200 32% | 152 33% | *114 -8% | *124 -27% | *170 23% | *138 |
| San Diego, CA 8 | 1.410 | 41 17% | 35 -3% | 36 -3% | *37 -14% | *43 26% | *34 -19% | *42 -14% | *49 |
| San Jose, CA 10 | 1.030 | 44 132% | 19 217% | 6 -45% | 11 -27% | *15 nc | *15 -53% | *32 33% | *24 |
| San Francisco, CA 13 | 0.889 | 41 17% | 35 25% | 28 27% | *22 -8% | *24 -31% | *35 -24% | *46 -27% | *63 |
| Fresno, CA 34 | 0.522 | 13 8% | 12 9% | 11 -8% | *12 20% | *10 25% | *8 300% | *2 -67% | *6 |
| Sacramento, CA 35 | 0.495 | 10 67% | 6 -25% | 8 14% | *7 -56% | *16 nc | *16 -6% | *17 -32% | *25 |
| Long Beach, CA 39 | 0.470 | 18 100% | 9 -25% | *12 20% | *10 100% | *5 25% | *4 -33% | *6 -40% | *10 |
| Anaheim, CA 56 | 0.351 | 1 nc | *1 na | *0 nc | *0 nc | *0 na | *1 -80% | *5 400% | *1 |
| Riverside, CA 59 | 0.325 | 6 -33% | 9 13% | 8 -38% | 13 -19% | 16 33% | 12 -52% | 25 19% | 21 |
| San Bernardino, CA 100 | 0.216 | 5 -44% | 9 125% | 4 300% | 1 -75% | 4 300% | 1 -50% | 2 -33% | 3 |
| TOTAL: CA CITIES | 9.678 | 433 19% | 364 16% | 313 18% | 265 7% | 247 -1% | 250 -28% | 347 2% | 340 |

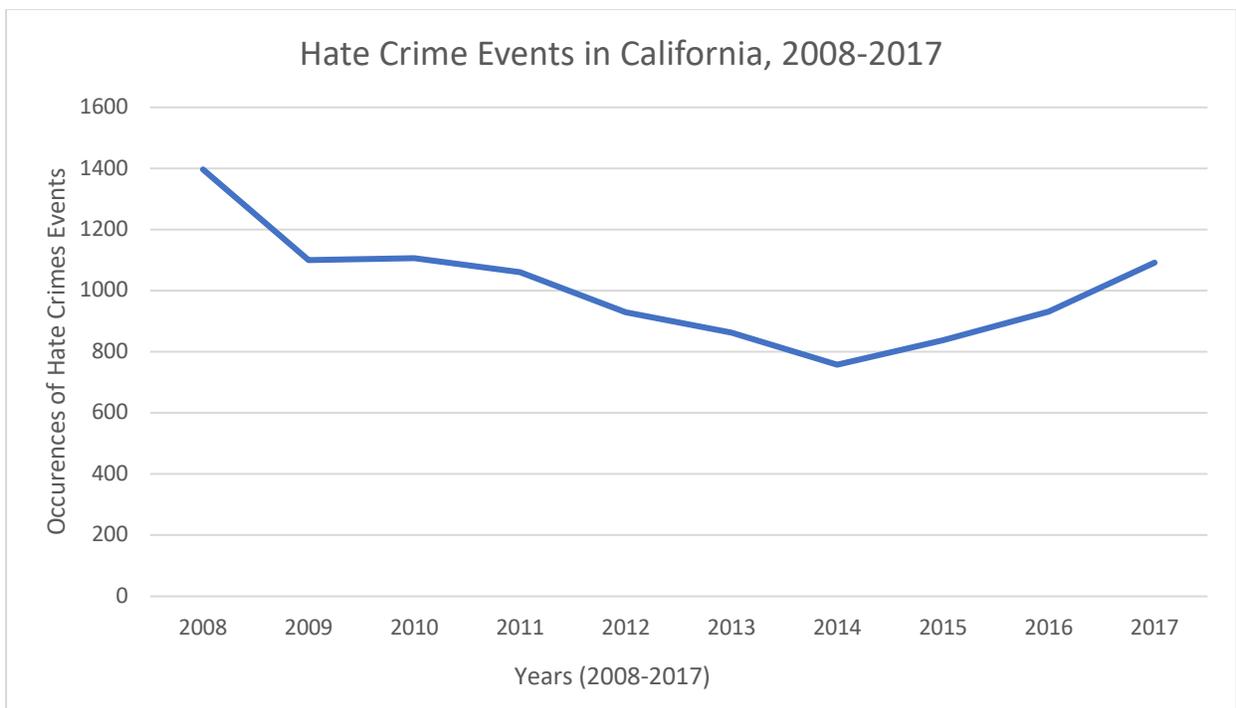
Notes

1. nc: no change
2. *Denotes cell data obtained from FBI Uniform Crime Reports: Hate Crimes (<https://ucr.fbi.gov/hate-crime>)
3. Number under city name indicates city population size national rank
4. Three Hate Crime Homicides in Fresno in 2017

For the California cities we analyzed there was a **64 percent increase from 2014 to 2017**, while the state overall had a smaller 44 percent increase. Over the last few years hate crime in California has increased far more more than the nation overall.

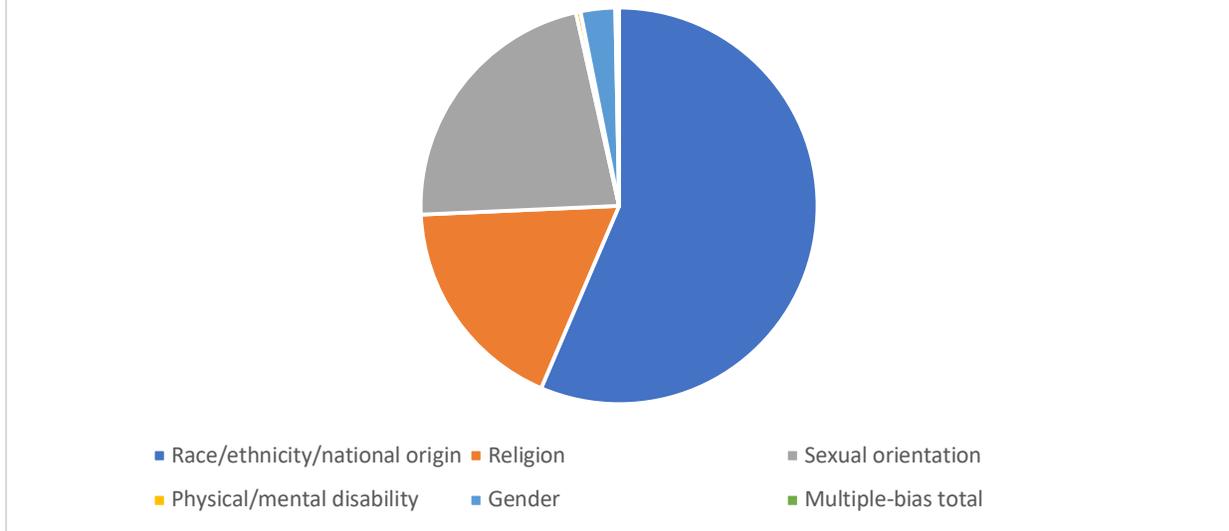
Of the ten California cities we studied, **seven cities went up, two went down, and one was unchanged, but the state's four largest cities all registered double digit percentage increases**. The Inland Empire cities of Riverside and San Bernardino, which report far fewer hate crimes, in only the single digits, reported sharp declines last year.

Last month the California Attorney General's findings were released, showing a slightly lower, **17.4 percent increase in hate crime across the state, the third double digit percentage increase in a row**. The 1,093 hate crime events in the state were the first time since 2011 that hate crime totaled over 1000, but totals are still **less than half the record 2,263** hate crimes enumerated in 2001- the year of the September 11 terror attacks.



Data drawn from the Hate Crime in California Report, 2017 from California Department of Justice.

Hate Crimes in California by Bias Motivation Category, 2017



Hate crimes in top 10 US cities

In 2017, hate crimes were up 12.46 percent from the previous year.

■ New York City, NY
 ■ Los Angeles, CA
 ■ Phoenix, AZ
 ■ San Diego, CA
 ■ Chicago, IL
 ■ San Jose, CA
 ■ Houston, TX
 ■ Dallas, TX
 ■ Philadelphia, PA
 ■ San Antonio, TX

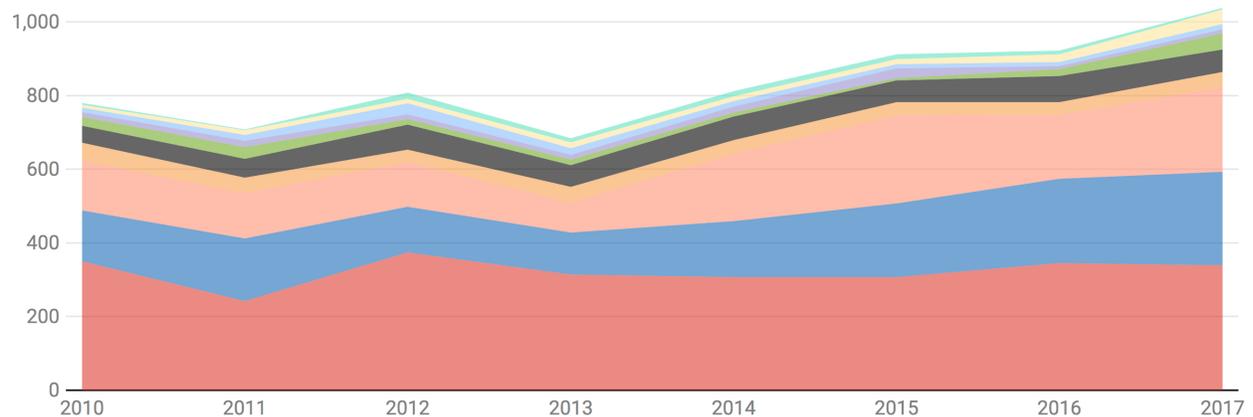
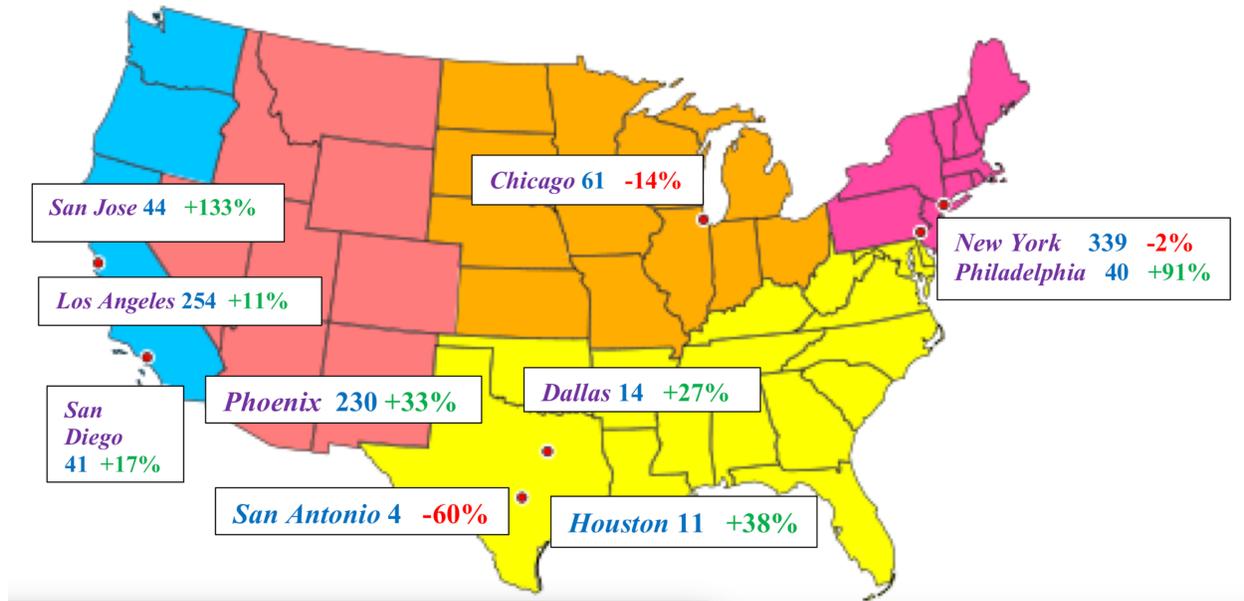


Chart: The Conversation, CC-BY-ND • Source: Brian Levin, James Nolan and John Reitzel • [Get the data](#)

Last year's reported 254 hate crime total by the LAPD was the **highest since 2008**. Even if **2018's half year decline extends** to the whole year, it would still be the **second worst year in a decade**. The **123 percent increase** in Los Angeles hate crime from **2013-2107 far outpaced** the rise found in the **nation's ten largest cities** overall, which rose only **52 percent** in the same period. FBI national data for 2017 is not available until November, but the Center is forecasting a moderate increase overall, with some significant variance across certain target groups and jurisdictions. The Center forecasts a decline nationally in hate crime for 2018, but only for the first half of the year, and is abstaining from a full year forecast for both Los Angeles and the nation overall.

2017 Hate Crimes By City

Hate Crime in Largest U.S. Cities Rise 12% to Highest Level in Over a Decade



Los Angeles Demographic Statistics from U.S. Census Bureau

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Population estimates, July 1, 2017, (V2017) | 3,999,759 |
| Population estimates base, April 1, 2010, (V2017) | 3,792,724 |
| Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 (estimates base) to July 1, 2017, (V2017) | 5.5% |
| Population, Census, April 1, 2010 | 3,792,621 |
| Age and Sex | |
| Persons under 5 years, percent | △ 6.3% |
| Persons under 18 years, percent | △ 21.6% |
| Persons 65 years and over, percent | △ 11.5% |
| Female persons, percent | △ 50.5% |
| Race and Hispanic Origin | |
| White alone, percent (a) | △ 52.4% |
| Black or African American alone, percent (a) | △ 9.0% |
| American Indian and Alaska Native alone, percent (a) | △ 0.7% |
| Asian alone, percent (a) | △ 11.6% |
| Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone, percent (a) | △ 0.2% |
| Two or More Races, percent | △ 3.6% |
| Hispanic or Latino, percent (b) | △ 48.6% |
| White alone, not Hispanic or Latino, percent | △ 28.5% |
| Population Characteristics | |
| Veterans, 2012-2016 | 93,188 |
| Foreign born persons, percent, 2012-2016 | 37.8% |

The Los Angeles Metro Area Has The Largest Number of Latino Residents in The U.S.

| Rank | Metro area | Hispanic population | Share Hispanic among population | Among Hispanics, share foreign born | Among under 18, share Hispanic | Top three Hispanic origin groups (group, share) |
|------|--|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 01 | Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA | 5,979,000 | 45.1% | 40.3% | 58.6% | Mexican: 78.5 Salvadoran: 7.4 Guatemalan: 4.6 |
| 02 | New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA | 4,780,000 | 23.9% | 42.1% | 29.6% | Puerto Rican: 26.7 Dominican: 21.3 Mexican: 13.6 |
| 03 | Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL | 2,554,000 | 43.3% | 60.7% | 44.0% | Cuban: 42.9 Colombian: 9.3 Puerto Rican: 9.3 |
| 04 | Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX | 2,335,000 | 36.4% | 39.5% | 45.9% | Mexican: 75.7 Salvadoran: 8.2 Honduran: 3.2 |
| 05 | Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA | 2,197,000 | 49.4% | 30.3% | 61.8% | Mexican: 67.4 Salvadoran: 2.6 Puerto Rican: 1.8 |
| 06 | Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI | 2,070,000 | 21.8% | 36.1% | 30.8% | Mexican: 79.8 Puerto Rican: 9.9 Guatemalan: 2.0 |
| 07 | Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX | 1,943,000 | 28.4% | 37.8% | 38.4% | Mexican: 84.3 Salvadoran: 3.9 Puerto Rican: 2.6 |
| 08 | Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ | 1,347,000 | 30.1% | 28.6% | 42.8% | Mexican: 89.0 Puerto Rican: 1.9 Spaniard: 1.3 |
| 09 | San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX | 1,259,000 | 55.7% | 16.0% | 65.0% | Mexican: 89.6 Puerto Rican: 2.0 Spaniard: 1.2 |
| 10 | San Diego-Carlsbad, CA | 1,084,000 | 33.3% | 33.6% | 46.1% | Mexican: 89.8 Puerto Rican: 2.4 Salvadoran: 1.0 |
| 11 | San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA | 1,008,000 | 21.9% | 40.9% | 31.8% | Mexican: 69.7 Salvadoran: 9.0 Guatemalan: 4.3 |
| 12 | Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV | 906,000 | 15.3% | 53.1% | 20.4% | Salvadoran: 33.3 Mexican: 14.6 Guatemalan: 7.6 |
| 13 | McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX | 758,000 | 91.2% | 29.7% | 95.4% | Mexican: 97.3 Puerto Rican: 0.3 |
| 14 | El Paso, TX | 676,000 | 81.2% | 28.3% | 85.2% | Mexican: 95.6 Puerto Rican: 1.4 Spaniard: 0.4 |
| 15 | Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL | 645,000 | 28.3% | 27.9% | 34.4% | Puerto Rican: 48.4 Mexican: 10.3 Dominican: 9.2 |

Source: Pew Research/U.S. Census

Jewish Population: 2016 In 21 Largest U.S. MSAs (Metropolitan Statistical Area: Census)

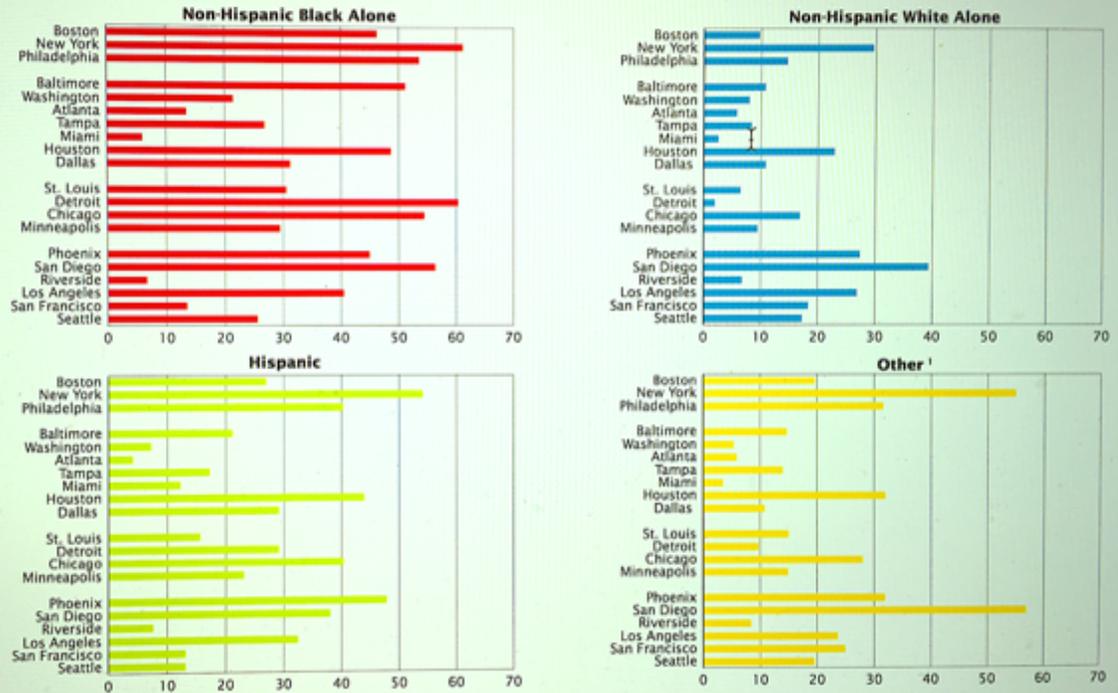
| MSA Rank | MSA Name | Population | | % Jewish |
|---|--|--------------------|------------------|----------|
| | | Total ^a | Jewish | |
| 1 | New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA | 20,182,305 | 2,140,300 | 10.6% |
| 2 | Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA | 13,340,068 | 617,480 | 4.6% |
| 3 | Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI | 9,551,031 | 294,280 | 3.1% |
| 4 | Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX | 7,102,796 | 75,005 | 1.1% |
| 5 | Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX | 6,656,947 | 45,640 | 0.7% |
| 6 | Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD | 6,069,875 | 292,350 | 4.8% |
| 7 | Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV | 6,097,684 | 217,390 | 3.6% |
| 8 | Miami-Fort Lauderdale-W Palm Beach, FL | 6,012,331 | 565,025 | 9.4% |
| 9 | Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA | 5,710,795 | 119,800 | 2.1% |
| 10 | Boston-Cambridge-Newton, MA-NH | 4,774,321 | 238,560 | 5.0% |
| 11 | San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA | 4,656,132 | 295,850 | 6.4% |
| 12 | Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ | 4,574,531 | 82,900 | 1.8% |
| 13 | Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA | 4,489,159 | 23,625 | 0.5% |
| 14 | Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI | 4,302,043 | 67,000 | 1.6% |
| 15 | Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA | 3,733,580 | 61,100 | 1.6% |
| 16 | Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI | 3,524,583 | 44,500 | 1.3% |
| 17 | San Diego-Carlsbad, CA | 3,299,521 | 100,000 | 3.0% |
| 18 | Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL | 2,975,225 | 58,350 | 2.0% |
| 19 | Denver Aurora-Lakewood, CO | 2,814,330 | 95,000 | |
| 20 | St. Louis, MO-IL | 2,811,588 | 61,300 | 1.9% |
| 21 | Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, MD | 2,979,407 | 115,400 | 3.9% |
| Total Population in Top 21 MSAs | | 125,658,252 | 5,533,780 | 4.4% |
| Total US Population | | 321,418,820 | 6,856,305 | 2.1% |
| Percentage of Population in Top 21 MSAs | | 39.1% | 80.7% | |

^a Source: www.census.gov (July 1, 2015 estimates)
 Notes: 1) See www.census.gov/population/metro/files/lists/2009/List1.txt or the List of Metropolitan Statistical Areas article in Wikipedia for a list of the counties included in each MSA; 2) Total Jewish population of 5,533,780 excludes 77,075 part-year residents who are included in MSAs 8, 13, and 18; 3) The total number of American Jews is probably about 6.7- 6.8 million due to some double-counting between states (Sheskin and Dashefsky 2006) /American Jewish Yearbook.

Note: MSA's are larger in both area and population than the main cities enumerated elsewhere in report
 Source: <http://www.jewishdatabank.org/Studies/downloadFile.cfm?FileID=3557>

Proportion of Race and Ethnic Groups Living Inside the Largest Principal City of the 20 Largest Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 2010

(For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/doc/pl94-171.pdf)



¹ For this figure, the "other" race category refers to the non-Hispanic Asian alone, non-Hispanic American Indian and Alaska Native alone, non-Hispanic Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone, and non-Hispanic Some Other Race alone populations, as well as non-Hispanics who reported multiple races.

Note: Principal cities within regions are organized based on proximity to each other. Boston, New York, and Philadelphia are located in the Northeast census region. Baltimore, Washington, Atlanta, Tampa, Miami, Houston, and Dallas are located in the South census region. St. Louis, Detroit, Chicago, and Minneapolis are located in the Midwest census region. Phoenix, San Diego, Riverside, Los Angeles, San Francisco, and Seattle are located in the West census region.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census special tabulation.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Highest Percentage LGBT Population, 50 Largest U.S. Metro Areas, 2012-2014

LGBT percentages are based on responses to the question "Do you, personally, identify as lesbian, gay, bisexual or transgender?"

| | % LGBT |
|---|---------------|
| San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, Calif. | 6.2 |
| Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Ore.-Wash. | 5.4 |
| Austin-Round Rock, Texas | 5.3 |
| New Orleans-Metairie, La. | 5.1 |
| Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, Wash. | 4.8 |
| Boston-Cambridge-Newton, Mass.-N.H. | 4.8 |
| Salt Lake City, Utah | 4.7 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Calif. | 4.6 |
| Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colo. | 4.6 |
| Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Conn. | 4.6 |

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Various LAPD Documents Relating To Hate Crime Policy and Outreach

HATE CRIME/INCIDENT GUIDELINES

These guidelines shall be followed for investigations of Hate Crimes and Hate Incidents.

DEFINITIONS:

HATE CRIME

A Hate Crime is any criminal act or attempted criminal act directed against a person(s), public agency or private institution based on the victim's actual or perceived race, nationality, religion, sexual orientation, disability, or gender or because the agency or institution is identified or associated with a person or group of an identifiable race, nationality, religion, sexual orientation, disability, or gender. A Hate Crime includes an act which results in injury, however slight; a verbal threat of violence which apparently can be carried out; an act which results in property damage; and property damage or other criminal act(s) directed against a public or private agency.

HATE INCIDENT

A Hate Incident is any non-criminal act including words directed against a person(s) based on that person's actual or perceived race, nationality, religion, sexual orientation, disability or gender. Hate incidents include, but are not limited to, epithets, distribution of hate material in public places, posting of hate material that does not result in property damage, and the display of offensive material on one's own property.

I. ARRIVAL AT SCENE

- * Determine location/condition of victim;
- * Obtain medical treatment as needed;
- * Determine if suspect is still at scene;
- * Locate and identify witnesses;
- * Request witnesses remain for questioning; and,
- * Determine if a Hate Crime or Hate Incident has occurred.

II. INVESTIGATIVE REPORT, FORM 03.01.00

- * Investigate the crime or incident in a timely manner;
- * Interview victims/witnesses separately;
- * Notify the watch commander, Area of occurrence;
- * Notify the Real-Time Analysis Critical Response (RACR) at (213) 978-6500 for inclusion of the crime or incident in the Chief of Police 24-hour occurrence log and document the notification in the related report;
- * Complete the appropriate crime or arrest report(s) and check the "MOTIVATED BY HATRED/PREJUDICE" box;
- * Complete the *Hate Crime Supplemental Report, Form 03.01.05*, and attach it to the IR and/or Arrest Report as the last two pages of the report;
- * If the incident does not constitute a specific crime, the IR shall be titled "Hate Incident;"
- * Collect all evidence including that which verifies motive; and,

18.44.00 (06/15)

- * Identify, retrieve or photograph other evidence, e.g., bloody clothing, destroyed property, hate material, suspect's attire if appropriate, etc.

VI. COMPLETING CRIME REPORT

- * Complete a Request for Confidentiality of Information, Form 03.02.00;
- * Title the report according to the criminal violation and add "HATE CRIME" to the title, e.g., BATTERY/HATE CRIME;
- * Check the "MOTIVATED BY HATRED/PREJUDICE" box in the MO section;
- * Complete the *Hate Crime Supplemental Report, Form 03.01.05*, and attach it to the IR and/or Arrest Report as the last two pages of the report;
- * Notify the Real-Time Analysis Critical Response (RACR) telephone (213) 978-6500 and enter the name of the person contacted in the notification box;
- * Ensure that elements of all involved crimes are included in the report; and,
- * Document the following in the narrative:
 - ✓ Motivation or the lack of motivation;
 - ✓ Any photographs that were taken;
 - ✓ MT obtained;
 - ✓ If the victims and suspects are members of different groups;
 - ✓ Describe the manner and means of attack; and,
 - ✓ Describe any relevant ongoing neighborhood events.

Note: In crime reports, Penal Code Section 422.6 or 422.7 will be identified as additional offenses. The underlying crime (i.e., battery, vandalism, assault, etc.) should be listed as the main offense.

VII. COMPLETING INCIDENT REPORT (NON-CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS)

- * Officers shall complete an IR titled "HATE INCIDENT";
- * Include the motivation of the suspect;
- * Check the "MOTIVATED BY HATRED/PREJUDICE" box in the MO section;
- * Complete the *Hate Crime Supplemental Report, Form 03.01.05*, and attach it to the IR and/or Arrest Report as the last two pages of the report; and,
- * List persons possibly responsible for the incident in the "INVOLVED PERSONS" section of the IR as "witnesses".

Note: The unwillingness of the victim of an incident motivated by hatred or prejudice to sign a report, or the absence of a victim to an incident, does not exempt officers from the requirement to complete an IR, Form 03.01.00.

18.44.00 (06/16)

- * Provide support/resources for the victim.

III. INTERVIEW VICTIMS/WITNESSES

- * Interview victims/witnesses separately;
- * Establish the elements of the crime and other details relating to who, what, when, where, why and how; and,
- * Questions to consider:
 - ✓ Do you (victim/witness) perceive the action of the offender to be motivated by bias or bigotry (regardless of the victim's actual inclusion in that protected group), why?
 - ✓ Do you think you were targeted, why?
 - ✓ Who do you think is responsible, why?
 - ✓ Were there any offensive symbols, words or acts associated with hate groups used?
 - ✓ Are you the only member (or one of a few) of a protected class who lives in the area?
 - ✓ Have there been any prior incidents?
 - ✓ Has there been any recent public activity that would make you (victim) a target?
 - ✓ Did the suspect carry any literature regarding a particular group?
 - ✓ Did the incident occur on a holiday or day of significance to the victim's or offender's group?
 - ✓ Did the suspect have tattoos or clothing that stand out in your mind?

Note: Victims may be reluctant to be identified with a protected group. Witnesses may fear retaliation and therefore feel fearful or hesitant to get involved.

IV. IF SUSPECT IS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY

- * Prevent communication between suspect and victim/witnesses;
- * Record spontaneous statements made by the suspect (many times hate crime suspects will be proud of their actions and anxious to talk);
- * Administer Admonition of Rights; and,
- * Questions to consider (only after Admonition of Rights):
 - ✓ Why did you pick this person?
 - ✓ How do you feel about this person/group?
 - ✓ Did you go looking for this person or group?
 - ✓ Did you select the victim at random?
 - ✓ Do you belong to a group or organization?
 - ✓ Are any others involved in the crime?
 - ✓ Do they have a mission or agenda directed toward this person or a particular group?

V. EVIDENCE

- * Photograph any evidence that substantiates the motive, e.g., hate graffiti, cross burning, swastikas, suspect's attire, etc.;
- * Recover weapons and book or photograph; and,

VIII. FOLLOW-UP INVESTIGATIONS

Watch Commander

- * Review all reports for completeness, including the notification to RACR and cause the reports to be distributed as soon as possible, but no later than the end of watch;
- * Direct a sergeant to immediately respond to the scene of a major crime or incident motivated by hatred such as major property damage involved, injury to victim, or vandalism to a house of worship;
- * Make an entry regarding the matter in the Watch Commander's Daily Report, Form 15.80.00; and,
- * Forward a copy of the Watch Commander's Daily Report entry along with a copy of the Sergeant's log documenting the contact with the victim to the Community Police Station Hate Crime Coordinator.

Area Detectives

- * Contact the victim within 10 calendar days of the crime or incident and assure the victim of the Department's interest in identifying the suspect and obtain follow-up information;
- * Document any additional information on a Follow-up Investigation, Form 03.14.00;
- * Present all felony hate crime investigations in which the suspect is identified to the District Attorney Hate Crime Suppression Unit and, as appropriate, to the Office of the United States Attorney, Civil Rights Liaison for filing consideration;
- * Present all misdemeanor hate crime investigations in which the suspect is identified to the Special Enforcement Section, Office of the City Attorney, and as appropriate, to the Office of the United States Attorney, Civil Rights Liaison;
- * Contact appropriate Victim Impact Program Coordinator if applicable per Operations Notice No. 2, dated 6/14/2002; and,
- * Provide the command's Hate Crime Coordinator with a copy of all reports related to the incident within 10 working days of completion. This includes all reclassified reports.

POLICY STATEMENTS:

The City of Los Angeles values the great diversity of its people and recognizes that a threat against any portion of our community is truly a threat against our diverse way of life. Acts or threats of violence motivated by hatred or prejudice are serious acts, often vicious in nature, which tear at the fabric of our community. These occurrences generate fear and concern among victims as well as the entire community and have the potential of recurring, escalating and possibly causing counter-violence.

**Los Angeles Police Department
HATE CRIME SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT**

BKG # _____
DR # _____

Page _____ of _____

| | | |
|----------------|---|--|
| VICTIM | <p>Victim Type:</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Individual Legal name: (Last, First) _____ Other Names used (AKA): _____ <input type="checkbox"/> School, business or organization Name: _____ Type: _____ (e.g., non-profit, private, public school) <input type="checkbox"/> Faith-based organization Name: _____ Faith: _____ Address: _____ Address: _____ | <p>Target of Crime (Check all that apply):</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Person <input type="checkbox"/> Private property <input type="checkbox"/> Public property <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ Nature of Crime (Check all that apply): <input type="checkbox"/> Bodily injury <input type="checkbox"/> Threat of violence <input type="checkbox"/> Property damage <input type="checkbox"/> Other crime: _____ Property damage - estimated value: _____ |
| BIAS | <p>Type of Bias: (Check all characteristics that apply):</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Disability <input type="checkbox"/> Gender <input type="checkbox"/> Gender identity/expression <input type="checkbox"/> Sexual orientation <input type="checkbox"/> Race <input type="checkbox"/> Ethnicity <input type="checkbox"/> Nationality <input type="checkbox"/> Religion <input type="checkbox"/> Significant day of offense (e.g., 9/11, holy days) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ Specify disability (be specific): _____ | |
| | <p>Actual or Perceived Bias - Victim's Statement</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Actual bias [Victim actually has the indicated characteristic(s)]. <input type="checkbox"/> Perceived bias [Suspect believed victim had the indicated characteristic(s)]. If perceived, explain the circumstances in narrative portion of Report. <p align="center">Reason for Bias:</p> Do you feel you were targeted based on one of these characteristics? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Explain in narrative portion of Report. Do you know what motivated the suspect to commit this crime? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Explain in narrative portion of Report. Do you feel you were targeted because you associated yourself with an individual or a group? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Explain in narrative portion of Report. Are there indicators the suspect is affiliated with a Hate Group (e.g., literature/tattoos)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Describe in narrative portion of Report. Are there indicators the suspect is affiliated with a criminal street gang? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Describe in narrative portion of Report. | |
| | <p>Bias Indicators (Check all that apply):</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Hate speech <input type="checkbox"/> Act/situations <input type="checkbox"/> Graffiti/spray paint <input type="checkbox"/> Property damage <input type="checkbox"/> Symbol used <input type="checkbox"/> Written/electronic communication <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ Describe with exact detail in narrative portion of Report. | |
| HISTORY | <p>Relationship Between Suspect & Victim:</p> Suspect known to victim? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Nature of relationship: _____ Length of relationship: _____ If Yes, describe in narrative portion of Report. Prior reported incidents with suspect? Total # _____ Prior unreported incidents with suspect? Total # _____ Reasoning orders? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If Yes, describe in narrative portion of Report. Type of order: _____ Order/Case #: _____ | |
| WEAPONS | Weapon(s) used during incident? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Type: _____ Weapon(s) booked as evidence? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Automated Firearms System (AFS) inquiry attached to Report? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No | |

03.01.05 (06/15)

**Los Angeles Police Department
HATE CRIME SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT**

BKG # _____
DR # _____

Page _____ of _____

| | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| EVIDENCE | Witnesses present during incident? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Evidence collected? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Photos taken? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Total # of photos: _____ D #: _____ Taken by: _____ Serial #: _____ | Statements taken? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Recordings: <input type="checkbox"/> Video <input type="checkbox"/> Audio <input type="checkbox"/> Booked Suspect identified: <input type="checkbox"/> Field ID <input type="checkbox"/> By photo <input type="checkbox"/> Known to victim |
| OBSERVATIONS | <p>VICTIM</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Tattoos <input type="checkbox"/> Shaking <input type="checkbox"/> Unresponsive <input type="checkbox"/> Crying <input type="checkbox"/> Scared <input type="checkbox"/> Angry <input type="checkbox"/> Fearful <input type="checkbox"/> Calm <input type="checkbox"/> Agitated <input type="checkbox"/> Nervous <input type="checkbox"/> Threatening <input type="checkbox"/> Apologetic Other observations: _____ | |
| | <p>SUSPECT</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Tattoos <input type="checkbox"/> Shaking <input type="checkbox"/> Unresponsive <input type="checkbox"/> Crying <input type="checkbox"/> Scared <input type="checkbox"/> Angry <input type="checkbox"/> Fearful <input type="checkbox"/> Calm <input type="checkbox"/> Agitated <input type="checkbox"/> Nervous <input type="checkbox"/> Threatening <input type="checkbox"/> Apologetic Other observations: _____ | |
| | <p>ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS (Explain all boxes marked "Yes" in narrative portion of report):</p> Has suspect ever threatened you? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Has suspect ever harmed you? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Does suspect possess or have access to a firearm? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Are you afraid for your safety? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Do you have any other information that may be helpful? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Resources offered at scene: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Type: _____ | |
| MEDICAL | <p>Victim Suspect</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Declined medical treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Will seek own medical treatment <input type="checkbox"/> Received medical treatment Authorization to Release Medical Information, Form 05.03.00, signed? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Reporting Officer (Name/Rank) _____ Date _____ Serial # _____ Division/Detail _____ Reporting Officer (Name/Rank) _____ Date _____ Serial # _____ Division/Detail _____ Supervisor Approving (Name/Rank) _____ Date _____ Serial # _____ Division/Detail _____ | |
| | <p>Paramedics at scene? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Unit #: _____ Name(s)/ID #: _____ Hospital: _____ Jail/Dispensary: _____ Physician/Doctor: _____ Patient #: _____</p> | |

03.01.05 (06/15)

LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT COMMUNITY POLICE STATIONS

Area Detectives Hate Crime Coordinators

Central Area (213) 996-1871
2511 6th Street, Los Angeles, CA 90091

Benninghill Area (818) 822-0609
19250 Elmhurst Ave., Northridge, CA 91329

Feather Hill Area (818) 834-3195
12700 Osborne St., Pacoima, CA 91331

Harbor Area (310) 726-7900
2128 John S. Gibson Blvd., San Pedro, CA 90731

Hollywood Area (213) 242-0901
2111 E. 1st Street, Los Angeles, CA 90033

Hollywood Area (213) 972-2967
1358 N. Wilcox Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90029

Mission Area (818) 838-9810
1121 N. Serrano Blvd., Mission Hills, CA 91345

Northwest Area (213) 846-5363
3430 S. Central Expressway, Los Angeles, CA 90007

Northwest Area (213) 344-6731
3353 San Fernando Road, Los Angeles, CA 90065

North Hollywood Area (818) 673-4849
11600 Burbank Blvd., North Hollywood, CA 91601

Olympic Area (213) 282-9459
1100 S. Vermont, Los Angeles, CA 90006

Pacific Area (213) 482-6213
12312 Colton Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90066

Rampart Area (213) 484-3450
1421 West 6th St., Los Angeles, CA 90017

77th Street Area (213) 485-4175
7600 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, CA 90063

Southeast Area (213) 972-7813
158 W. 180th Street, Los Angeles, CA 90063

Southeast Area (213) 486-6571
1546 W. Martin Luther King Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90062

Topanga Area (818) 756-4830
21541 Schoonboorn St., Canoga Park, CA 91304

Van Nuys Area (818) 374-0440
6429 Byham Ave., Van Nuys, CA 91401

West Los Angeles Area (310) 444-1588
1662 Butler Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90029

West Valley Area (818) 374-7730
19579 Rosemead St., Reseda, CA 91335

Wilshire Area (213) 922-8205
4801 W. Venice Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90019

RESOURCES
Government and Community Based Organizations that provide assistance to victims of hate crimes.

Los Angeles County Commission on Human Relations (213) 730-2788

Human Services Department Human Relations Commission (213) 679-1660

U. S. Department of Justice Community Relations Service (213) 894-2941

Roth Democratic League (213) 446-0800

Asian American Advocacy Justice- Los Angeles (213) 977-7600

Coalition for Human Immigrant Rights of Los Angeles (213) 303-1333

L. R. Gay and Lesbian Center (800) 373-2227

Muslim Public Affairs Council Hate Crimes Hotline (800) 690-3068

National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) (310) 397-1171

Humanities Council Center's Tools for Tolerance (310) 553-9826

South Asian Network (800) 281-6111 or (323) 463-5168

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY DIAL 911

For non-emergencies, you may contact the Los Angeles Police Department at 1-877-ASK-LAPD (1-877-275-5273) or TTY 1-877-275-5273 for the hearing impaired.

You may also obtain additional information on this subject, along with additional crime prevention tips, by visiting the Los Angeles Police Department's Web site at www.lapdonline.org and clicking on "Crime Prevention."

Should you have information regarding a criminal investigation or activity, please contact your local police station or "Crime Tips" at 1-877-LAPD247 (1-877-527-3247).

WWW.LAPDONLINE.ORG
WWW.JOINLAPD.COM



PRODUCED BY:
LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT
Detective Support and Vice Division
180 West First Street, Room 630, Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 996-1399
hatecrimes@lapd.lapd.lapd.org

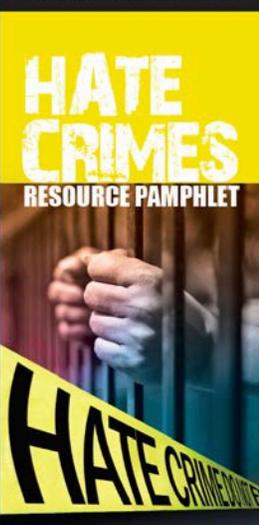
COMMUNITY RELATIONS SECTION
Crime Prevention Unit
180 West First Street, Room 256, Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 486-6690

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LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT

HATE CRIMES

RESOURCE PAMPHLET



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Sources:

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<https://ucr.fbi.gov>

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Hate Crimes in California: Law Enforcement Has Not Adequately Identified, Reported, or Responded to Hate Crimes Report 2017-131, California State Auditor, May 2018
<https://www.auditor.ca.gov/pdfs/reports/2017-131.pdf>

Jewish Population: 2016 In 21 Largest U.S. MSAs (Metropolitan Statistical Area: Census)
<http://www.jewishdatabank.org/Studies/downloadFile.cfm?FileID=3557>

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Levin, Brian; Reitzel, John: California State University, San Bernardino, HATE CRIMES RISE IN U.S. CITIES AND COUNTIES IN TIME OF DIVISION & FOREIGN INTERFERENCE, May 2018.
https://csbs.csusb.edu/sites/csusb_csbs/files/2018%20Hate%20Final%20Report%205-14.pdf

Levin, Brian; Nolan, James; Reitzel, John: New data shows US hate crimes continued to rise in 2017, The Conversation, June 26, 2018
<https://theconversation.com/new-data-shows-us-hate-crimes-continued-to-rise-in-2017-97989>

Pew Research Center
<http://www.pewresearch.org>

